

MOUTRIE'S

"MY TIPPY
CANOE"

No. 18,405

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

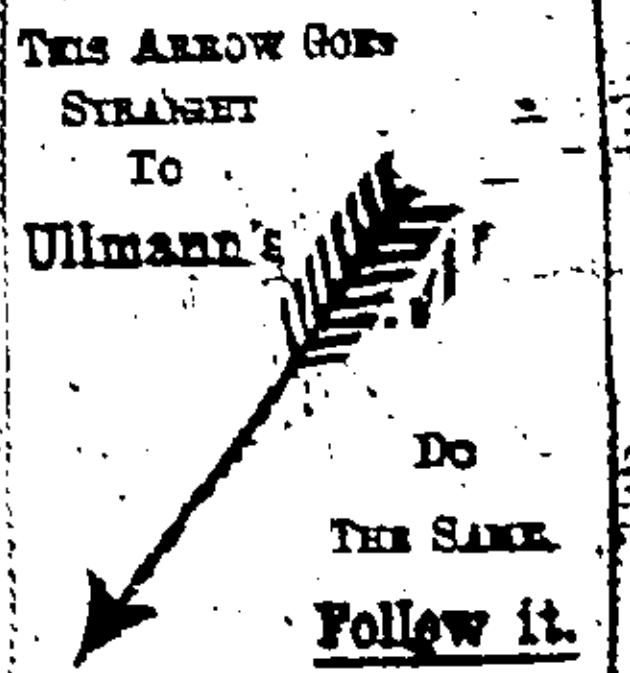
November 2, 1921, Temperature 69

Barometer 30.06

Rainfall 0.00 inch

Humidity 57

November 2, 1920, Temperature 79.



三拜禮

號二月一十年一十二百九千一英

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1921, 日三初月十酉辛次歲年十國民華中

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.

BUSINESS NOTICES

ARRIVED



SEPTEMBER RECORDS.

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

WING HING

FIRST CLASS TAILOR

Experienced Cutter. Perfect Fit Guaranteed.
Orders executed shortest Notice.
PRICE LOWEST.

HAWTHORNE & PEARSON

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailors

LATE OF SAVILE ROW LONDON.

NEW & EXCLUSIVE STYLES.

No. 1, UNION BUILDINGS, 1st FLOOR,
LATE (HOTEL MANSIONS).
HONGKONG.

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.

(THE EUROPEAN GARAGE)

Open and Closed

CARS FOR HIRE

TEL. 482, 3552 in Hongkong and Kowloon. TEL. 482, 3552

YOU CANNOT WORK
IN A COLD OFFICE.

The matter of warmth and comfort in your Office is one of the utmost importance to your business.

GET EXPERT ADVICE

FREE OF CHARGE, BY CONSULTING

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.

A VARIETY OF LAMP AND SMALL

HEATING STOVES

To burn Coal or Oil, suitable for this purpose, at very moderate prices may be seen at

39-41 Des Voeux Road Central.

Enquiries receive immediate attention.

ROYAL SILK STORE.

Just Received New Consignment of Beavers Real Gold and Silver

BROCADE for Trimming Dresses, Shoes and Scarfs.

We are the Only Dealers for the above Articles & Invite Your Inspection.

D. CHELLARAM, 36A, Queen's Road Central.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.

WINE MERCHANTS.

Tel. 838.

Tel. 838.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO OUR NUMEROUS CUSTOMERS AND PUBLIC IN GENERAL THAT WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL SELECTION OF THE WORLD'S FAMOUS CRYSTAL

BACCARAT

WE CORDIALLY INVITE INSPECTION.

J. ULLMANN & CO.

NO. 60, 60A

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Routings Service to the China Mail)

RUSSIAN REFUGEES FOR VLADIVOSTOK

BRITAIN'S REPLY TO THE SOVIET.

London, Nov. 1.

The Foreign Office has replied to M. Krassin's note that the 80 Russian refugees despatched from Egypt to Siberia on October 10 proceeded for valid reasons not connected with fighting. Regarding over a thousand refugees from India and Iraq, the expense of maintaining them and the unsuitable climates there made it imperative to find another asylum. No other country would admit them. Thus there was no alternative but to send them to Vladivostok. Britain in no way interferes with internal affairs of Russia or the Far Eastern Republic. There is no justification for the interpretation placed on Britain's action in sending unarmed people to Siberia. In the House of Commons, Mr. Cecil Harpurworth. Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs stated that 70 Russian refugees have left Egypt during the past three months.

[A London cable dated October 27 stated—M. Krassin has sent a note protesting against British action in shipping 900 Denikin refugees in Mesopotamia to Vladivostok which was justified by the refusal of the Soviet to grant an amnesty if the refugees were repatriated to Soviet Russia. M. Krassin explains that although the Soviet was unable to take cognizance of the demand of a foreign government for an amnesty as it was an intervention in Russia's internal affairs, the Soviet proposed a repatriation scheme involving amnesty which Britain ignored. He asks for an assurance that the refugees have not been sent to Vladivostok for the purpose of fighting the Soviet.]

FRENCH NEWS.

INTERNATIONAL CHEMISTRY CONFERENCE.

Paris, November 1.

The international chemistry conference will take place at Lyons in June, 1922. Scientists and manufacturers from 25 nations will participate.

Parliament has granted five million francs for relief of Russia.

At a meeting yesterday the Lille textile workers decided to resume work to-morrow.

M. Poincare delivered at the London University an address advocating still closer co-operation between France and Britain in the intellectual field.—*Harris.*

WASHINGTON CONFERENCE.

AMERICA'S COMMITTEE.

Washington, November 1.

The advisory committee of the American delegation to the disarmament conference consists of 21 members and includes Messrs Hoover, Pershing, Admiral Rodgers, Gompers (president of the American Federation of Labour) Lewis (president of the United Mineworkers) Porter (chairman of the House and foreign affairs committee) Barrett (president of the national farmers' union) and Madame Winter, president of the national federation of women's clubs, and three other women.

L. O. F.

PRO TEM PRESIDENT.

Geneva, November 1.

The Belgian statesman Hymans has accepted the presidency of the Council of the League of Nations in consequence of the departure of Wellington Koo to Washington. Tang Tsai-fu, the Minister to Rome, will represent China on the council during Koo's absence.

LISE IN BOMB OUTRAGE

AMERICAN CONSULATE ATTACKED.

Lisbon, November 1.

A Bomb exploded on the staircase of the American consulate. No damage was done. The police believe the outrage is connected with the agitation for the release of Saeco and Vanzetti.

LAHORE JAIL SENSATION.

PRISONERS ATTEMPT ESCAPE.

London, November 1.

The prisoners in the Lahore Jail made a concerted attempt to escape on October 30. They reached the outer gate where they were fired on. Three were killed and 31 wounded. None escaped.

OUR WASHINGTON CONFERENCE POLICY.

COMMONS DEBATE DISCOURAGED.

London, November 1.

In the House of Commons Mr. J. R. Clynes asked for an opportunity to discuss the Government's policy in relation to the Washington Conference. Mr. Austen Chamberlain promised to consult his colleagues. He emphasised the immense importance the Government attached to the conference but doubted whether the interests they all had in common in the conference would be best served if there should be debates in every parliament on the eve of meeting with regard to the proceedings of the conference and the line to be adopted there.

NEW CHINESE CONSORTIUM.

AMERICAN BANKERS' OFFER.

New York, November 1.

Mr. T. W. Lamont has announced that the American group of bankers of the new Chinese Consortium has offered the Chinese Government a loan of \$10,000,000 with retirement of \$5,500,000 due to the Continental Bank \$5,000,000 payable on the Pacific Development Loan on December 1, and the remainder for internal developments. If China accepts British, French, Japanese and Belgian financiers may be admitted.

RUBBER TRADING LISSSES.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES REVISED.

London, November 1.

A meeting of the Rubber Trade Association in London unanimously passed rules and contracts for fortnightly settlement of rubber bargains practically combining the protective measures in vogue in settlement by institutions in London and Liverpool with the London Produce Clearing House scheme providing daily settlements. This should prevent losses such as have occurred in rubber trading during the past eighteen months.

BRITAIN PAYING HER DEBTS.

\$300,000,000 NEW YORK LOAN REPAYED.

New York, November 1.

The British Government had completed the repayment of \$300,000,000 borrowed in New York during 1916 with redemption of 51,000,000 5% per cent. bonds. Payment was made through Messrs. J. P. Morgan and Co.

PRINCE AT MALTA.

OPENS NEW PARLIAMENT.

Malta, November 1.

H.M.S. "Renown" has arrived.

LATER.

The Prince of Wales opened the new Maltese Parliament. He said that he prayed with all his heart for success for the new constitution and fortune and prosperity for the people. He was confident the Maltese would form a worthy unit of the Great British commonwealth.

CHINA STATION CHANGES.

NEW LIGHT CRUISER COMING.

London, November 1.

The new light cruiser "Durban" has been commissioned at Devonport by Captain H. O. Reinold for service of the China Station, replacing the "Colombo" which will be transferred to the East Indies Station whence the "Caroline" will be withdrawn. The "Durban" sails for Gibraltar on November 16.

NO IRI IN BREAKDOWN.

NEGOTIATIONS CONTINUE.

London, November 1.

The Sinn Feiners Messrs. Griffith and Collins conferred with Mr. Lloyd George and Lord Birkenhead for an hour at Downing Street to-day. It is authoritatively stated that there has been no breakdown. They meet again at date not yet arranged.

EGYPTIAN COTTON CROP ESTIMATE.

Alexandria, November 1.

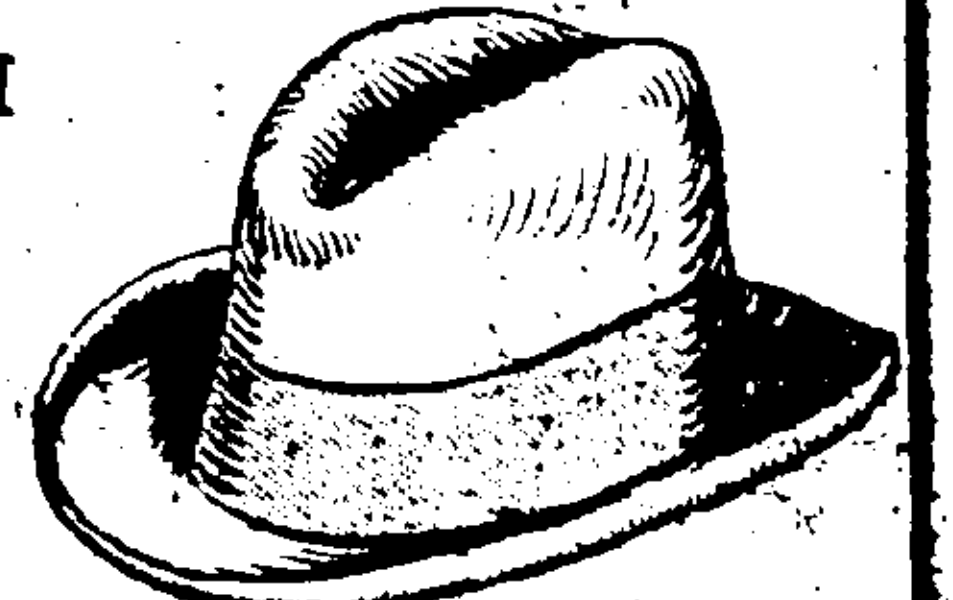
The General Produce Association has estimated the Egyptian cotton crop for the current season at 3,200,000 centars compared with 1,875,000 the preceding season.

BUSINESS NOTICES

HENRY HEATH

and

"RITZ"

FELT
HATS

Are distinctive in Style and Quality.
A "Heath" Hat affords its wearer a pleasing sense of confidence in his appearance.
NEW AUTUMN STYLES NOW SHOWING AT

MACKINTOSH

& CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

16, Des Voeux Road.

Telephone 28.

HAVE ALL YOUR
PRESCRIPTIONS DISPENSED
QUICKLY AND ACCURATELY
WITH
DRUGS OF THE BEST QUALITY
AT

THE PHARMACY

345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000

FULLY QUALIFIED EUROPEAN CHEMISTS.

BRITISH
MAKE

"SCANDINAVIA" MCM BELTING
for TRANSMISSION and CONVEYING.

STOCKS

IN

HONGKONG

KEPT BY

THE

NORTHWEST

TRADING

COMPANY

LIMITED

INCORPORATED

IN U.S.A.

4th Floor

Hotel Mansions

PHONE

2004.

MEE WAH KNITTING & DYEING CO.

General Knitter & Dyer.

Manufacturers of Woollen Singlets, Jerseys, Sweaters &

all kinds of Underwear.

No. 6-11, Causeway Bay.

Manager:—YUENG FORWAN.

Telephone 1301.

LIQUEUR D'ANIS

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TONIQUE RAFFRAICHISSANT.

OBTAINABLE AT:

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

TEL. 75.

VACATION TRIP.

HONGKONG—SHAMSHUI—WUHOW.

In the splendid and luxuriously appointed 500 ton motor Ship "KONG NING" between Hongkong, Shamshui, Shu Sing through the LOVELIEST SCENERY ON THE WEST RIVER TO WUHOW. SPLENDID 1st and 2nd class passenger accommodations; large and airy berth cabins on upper deck; no port holes but large airy windows; fitted throughout with electric light and fans etc.

M. S. "KONG NING"

Steamers	Leave Hongkong	Steamers	Leave Shamshui
"Kong Ning"	Wednesday, Nov. 2	"Kong Ning"	Friday, Nov. 18
"Kong Ning"	Monday, Nov. 7	"Kong Ning"	Wednesday, Nov. 23
"Kong Ning"	Sunday, Nov. 13	"Kong Ning"	Tuesday, Nov. 29

Round trip occupying 5 days; including meals and 2% insurance stay on board at Wuhow \$15.00.

For further particulars apply to:

BANKER & CO.

Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT
AND ADMIRALTY.
Coal Contractors
General Brokers.
-PUBLIC AUCTIONS-

THURSDAY,
the 3rd November, 1921, at 10 a.m.
At Royal Army Ordnance Corps
Depot, Queen's Road East,
THE FOLLOWING GOVERNMENT
STORES:-

Pack Saddlery, Tentage, Leather
Articles, Tools, Paint, New Brass,
Steel, and Wire, Forges, New Bolts and
Nuts, New Fire, and Screws, Water-
proof, Sails, Canvas, Gardening, Tools,
Weighing Machines (14 lbs and 7 lbs)
Weights (6 to 7 lbs) Ambulance
Stretchers, Dumb-bells (4 lbs), Shoes
Highland, Canadian Mackinaw Jackets,
New Stationery, Old Documents,
Helmets, old Blouses, Lead, Zinc, Steel,
Cast, Wrought and Galvanized Iron,
Leather, Ground Sheets, Tanned and
Plain Canvas, Rope, Old Wood, Iron
Drums and Cylinders, Paint Kettles,
Packing Cases, Brass Copper, etc., etc.
Catalogues can be had at the Chief
Foreman's Office or from the Auctioneers.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on
delivery. All faults and errors of
descriptions at Purchasers' risk, on the
fall of the hammer.
All lots to be cleared within 4 days.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, October 26, 1921.

THE Underigned have received in-
structions to sell by Public Auction
(for account of the concerned),

THURSDAY,
November 4, 1921, at 5 p.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,
Private Collection of
British Foreign Stamps,
including:-
complete set of Samoa, German 1900,
And
a large number of British Colonials.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, October 27, 1921.

THE Underigned have received in-
structions to sell by Public Auction
(for account of the concerned),

FRIDAY
November 4, 1921, commencing at 2.30
p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,
100 Lengths Woole Suiting & Jere-
cating, 100 yds. No. 2 Under-lit Cloth,
100 yds. Sheeting Damask Table
Cloths, Serviettes, etc.
Also
Small Quantity Brandy and Wine.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, October 31, 1921.

INTIMATIONS.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

THE United States Public Health
Service (Quarantine) Quarantine
Office have REMOVED to the Bank of
China Building, Second Floor, No. 4,
Queen's Road, Central.
Hongkong, November 1, 1921.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the HONGKONG DOLLAR
DIRECTOR has been acquired, as
from July 7th 1921, by the under-
signed, with all rights and titles, and will
hereafter be published by them. No
claims against the Hongkong Dollar
Directory incurred prior to this date
will be admitted by the undersigned.

**THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE
LTD.**
5, Wyndham Street,
Hongkong, July 7, 1921.

CAFE, Sars and Guaranteed care
for Eczema, Leucoderma, Patches,
Marks, Eruptions, Eczema, etc. in four
weeks. Patients willing to be treated
by Post, are requested to write,
Box 778, (Ten shillings) per week.
Full particulars: Free under "Cover-
SH" WORKS, Beadon, (Bakers,
(C.M.) Calcutta, (India).

MASSAGE.

MR. MONDA and MRS. MONDA
14 years experience.
No. 4, Wyndham Street,
(Opposite to the China Mail).

INTIMATIONS.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO.
LIMITED.

THE BONUS of \$1,000,000 author-
ized by the SPECIAL RESOLU-
TIONS of the above Company passed
and confirmed on the 13th and 31st
days of August 1921, respectively will
be distributed to those persons who are
registered on the 12th day of Novem-
ber, 1921, as holders of the issued
shares of the Company.

Such bonus will, pursuant to the
Agreement which the Board of Direc-
tors of the Company has been author-
ized to enter into, be satisfied by the
allotment out of the unissued capital of
the Company to the above persons of
one new share of \$10 credited as fully
paid up.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the
Company will be CLOSED from 12th
November 1921, to the 15th November
1921, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
H. N. BEAUREPAIRE,
Secretary.
Dated the 26th October, 1921.

**HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER
OF COMMERCE.**

A GENERAL MEETING of Mem-
bers will be held on FRIDAY,
the 11th November, at 2.30 p.m. in the
CHAMBER ROOM, Chartered Bank
Building, 3 Queen's Road Central, for
the purpose of nominating a Representa-
tive of the Chamber to serve on the
Legislative Council during the absence
from the Colony of the Hon. Mr. P. H.
Hollings.

Notice in writing of the names of
candidates and of their proposers and
seconders to be lodged with the
Secretary at least 48 hours before the
time appointed for the holding of the
General Meeting.

By Order,
E. A. M. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.
Hongkong, October 29, 1921.

THE HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE next GYMKHANA has been
fixed for SATURDAY, 5th
November, 1921. Programmes can be
obtained at the Hongkong Club, the
Racecourse and the Jockey Club
Stables. Entries close on October 25th.
A further extra GYMKHANA
MEETING will be held on 26th
November 1921 in all of the British
Legion.

Hongkong, October 17, 1921.

THE HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

5th GYMKHANA, Saturday,
5th November, 1921.

THE 3rd RACE, ONCE ROUND
TANDICAP, is open for winners
at any distance, and in the event of
there being sufficient entries they will
be divided into A & B classes, the latter
taking the place of the Wacht-seen-
Beele Race.

Hongkong, October 24, 1921.

KOMOR & KOMOR

ART AND CURIO EXPERTS.

BEFORE to inform their Customers that
the Sale at their RETAIL CURIO
STORE WILL BE CLOSED at 5 p.m.
on SATURDAY, the 5th of November,
1921, and thank their many patrons for
their support and good-will during
more than half a century's business in
the Colony.

For the Last Week of the Sale the
Store will be open every day until 6 p.m.
KOMOR & KOMOR,
Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, October 26, 1921.

KOMOR & KOMOR

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the Colony.

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS.
\$1. PREPAID.
Every additional word 4 Cents
for 3 insertions.

WANTED.

WANTED:—To rent for Storage
purpose SMALL ROOM about
10 x 50 feet, ground floor preferred and
convenient situation to harbour
roadway. Good light & stone or
cement floor, essential. Reply to Box
No. 1330, c/o "China Mail."

TO LET.

TO LET:—ONE OFFICE, in No. 4,
Queen's Road Central to be let.
For particulars apply to Bank of China.

TO LET:—GODOWN at Yau-mai.
For particulars apply to THE
HONGKONG LAND RECLAMATION CO.,
LTD.

INTIMATIONS.

NOTICE.

FORMER EMPLOYER recommends
A Clean and Smart House-
keeper. Very willing. Possible En-
glish. Fifteen dollars a month. Apply Box
1332, c/o "China Mail."

A BRITISH FIRM OF GENERAL MER-
CHANTS in the City of London
concerned with Eastern business and in-
dustrial service, limited, 47, Red Lion Court,
15-17, Street, London, E.C. 4.

WISEMAN, LTD.

TEA DANCE:
TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), Oct. 2nd
and on
FRIDAY, November 4th.
Admission..... 50 cents.

NEW FRENCH LOAN.

CREDIT NATIONAL.

Issue of Bonds, Frs. 500
Interest 6% free from Income Tax.
Price Frs. 498.50 net.

Interest payable every 6 months from
1st of May, 1922.

Reimbursement by 4 yearly drawings
comprising
7,200 prizes amounting to
Fr. 13,000,000.

Subscription closing on the
19th November.

For Subscription apply to

BANQUE DE L'INDO CHINE.

WHEN THE PAVEMENT RISES.

HUMAN TOUCH IN EINSTEIN
THEORY DISCUSSION.

Lecturing before the British Asso-
ciation at Edinburgh on the Einstein
theory of relativity, Professor Edding-
ton, of Cambridge, explained how the
theory was evolved.

A man fell from a third story
window to the pavement beneath.
He made use of a very natural
expedient, arose, shook himself, and
walked away unhurt.

Professor Einstein pondered over
the problem of gravitation propounded
by the falling man's accident and
evolved relativity. If the man had
broken his neck, Professor Einstein,
apparently, would have remained un-
hindered and unshaken.

The text of Professor Eddington's
lecture was that "everything de-
pended upon the point of view," that
is to say, that when we measured
quantities the result depended on the
variability of the measuring apparatus.
Thus, according to Einstein's con-
clusions, the distance from London to
Bristol at twelve noon was 120
miles. At six o'clock in the evening
it might be reduced to twenty miles
—it was all dependent on the velocity
of the ether. The professor, however,
admitted that he had never argued
with a railway booking office clerk
along such lines.

Sir Oliver Lodge, speaking after
the lecture, introduced a very human
factor to the discussion. He said:
"After all there seemed to be some-
thing in the allegation of the intoxicated
reveler that the pavement came
up and hit him."

SHORT SKIRT BAN.

RULES FOR BUSINESS GIRLS.

The Marshall Field Company,
owners of the Chicago department
store which recently announced that
girl employees who bobbed their hair
would have to seek other employment,
have followed this restriction with a
new edict.

"Dresses with short sleeves," it is
stated, "blouses with low-cut necks,
extremely short-skirts, and stockings
rolled below the knees are forbidden
in working hours. Rouge should not
be used nor powder in excess.

"Extreme styles of hairdressing,
dresses trimmed with spangles or
having embroidered parts are also to
be avoided. Employees are expected
to co-operate with us in keeping style
in dress refined and businesslike."

Newspapers print letters from
young women condemning the ban on
bobbed hair. Short hair, they say,
is not frivolous but neat, practical,
cool, and sanitary.

MR. SZ-TO WAI.

PICKING UP "CLEVER ENGLISH
SLANGS."

"I have been putting up some dust
I have rapping time." When Mr.
Sz-to Wai, a smiling little professor
from China, treated the Ecumenical
Methodist Conference at the Central
Hall, Westminster, to these and other
"new slangs" he had picked up he
was providing the conference with the
brighest hour it has had since it
opened.

Mr. Sz-to Wai, whose face is lit up
with an ever-smiling smile, knows
more slang words than he disclosed to
the conference. "They are some of
the most interesting things I have
seen since coming from China for the
conference," he told a reporter. "I
learn very many."

"Take 'Pull your socks up, old
man.' It is one of the clever slangs
and makes people begin to do some-
thing. Then I think I like 'topping'
and 'top-hole,' although 'ripping' is
good."

"I have heard several nice slangs
from people who are just going to
shake hands, but I forget them. We
have a similar one in China, where a
man extends his hand to a friend and
says, 'Put it all on one side.'"

"WANTS TO LEARN COCKNEY."
"I like also 'How about it?' which
I know refers to nothing in particular.
We say 'Do you remember it?' in the
same way. The Cockneys say 'Ow
erbaht it!' It is nice, very nice. I wish
I could speak Cockney. I should like
to put on old clothes and go out to
learn it."

"I know well 'By golly' and 'By
Jove.' Whommy friends say 'Sh-h-h.'
You mustn't say that 'I know I have
got a good eye.'"

The professor leaned forward and
extended his smile. "Can you teach
me any slangs?" he asked.

"Have you heard 'Not all?' asked
the reporter.

AN APPEAL TO BRITONS IN CHINA.

100,000 DOLLARS
URGENTLY NEEDED
FOR

THE "ARETHUSA" TRAINING SHIP.

2600 OLD BOYS HAVE
JOINED THE ROYAL NAVY
AND 6000 THE MERCHANT
SERVICE.

THEIR MAJESTY THE KING AND QUEEN.

MR. H. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

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MR. H. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

MARKET PRODUCE IN HONGKONG.

APPROXIMATE RETAIL PRICES.

October 31st, 1921.

Butcher Meat.

Beef Sirloin—Mal Leng Pa .. 20
Prime Ox .. 20
Corned—Hau Ngai Yek .. 21
Roast—Shin .. 19
Bread—Ngan Nam .. 16
Scrap—Tong Yek .. 14
Steak—Ngan Yek Pa .. 15
Steak Sirloin—Ngan Lau .. 25
Sausages—Ngan Cheung .. 17
Saffron's Brisket—Wan No per set .. 16

Tongue, fresh—Ngan Li .. 16
Tongue, corned—Hau Ngai Li .. 15

Head—Hau Nam .. 13
Heart—Ngan Sam .. 13
Hump, Sub—Ngan Kin .. 18
Feet—Ngan Kook .. 10
Kidneys—Ngan Tin .. 10
Liver—Ngan Kook .. 13
Tripe (untrimmed)—Ngan Tin .. 16

Salmon Head and Feet—Vau-tai .. 16
Lard—Yung Pot .. 34
Shoulder—Yung Shau .. 30
Saddle—Yung On Tak .. 23

Pig's Chittling—Che Cheung .. 25
Pork—Che No .. 22
Pork—Che Kook .. 16
Pig—Che Cheung .. 18
Ham—Che Tin .. 15
Heart—Che Sam .. 10
Kidneys—Che Tin .. 10
Liver—Che Kook .. 10
Pork Chop—Che Pak Kwat .. 24

Leg—Che Pak .. 24
Loins—Che Hui Tin .. 24
Fat or Lard—Che Tin .. 20
Sheep's Head and Feet—Yung .. 70
Tao Kook .. 10
Heart—Yung Nam .. 10
Kidneys—Yung Tin .. 13
Liver—Yung Kook .. 10

Beefing Pig, to order—Che Tin .. 24
Beef, Roast—Shan Ngai Yek .. 20
Mutton—Shan Yung Yek .. 21
Veal—Wai Tin Tak .. 24
Sausages—Ngan Tin Cheung .. 20
No. 1 .. 16. 20

Fish.

Barbel—Ka Yek .. 16
Eel—Tin Yek .. 30
Canton Fresh Water Fish .. 21

Carp—Tin Yek .. 24
Jellyfish—Chik Yek .. 23
Codfish—Wan Yek .. 28
Crabs—Tin Yek .. 27
Cuttle Fish—Muk Yek .. 21
Dab—Shan Yek .. 40
Dace—Wong Wai Lok .. 10
Dog Fish—Tin To She .. 9
Eels—Gongee—Hoi Wan .. 14
Fresh water—Tin Shai Yek .. 14
Yellow—Wong Tin .. 24

Harporus—Tin Yek .. 40
Gudgeon—Pak Koo Yek .. 12
Herring—Tin Yek .. 24
Halibut—Chuan Kwai Kook .. 16
Lobster—Wong Pa Yek .. 22
Loach—Wai Yek .. 35
Lobsters—Lung Yek .. 32
Mackerel—Chi Yek .. 20
Wink Fish—Mong Yek .. 26

Whale—Tin Yek .. 28
Squid—Shan Yek .. 26
Pomfret Fish—Kai Kwai Yek .. 14
Pomfret—Tin Yek .. 24
Pike—Tin Yek .. 20
Plovers—Tin Yek .. 21
Pomfret, Black—Hak Cheung .. 30
Pomfret, White—Chung .. 36
Prawns—Ming Yek .. 40
Ray—Tin Yek .. 12
Rock Fish—Shan Kwai Kook .. 14
Roach—Chun Yek .. 24
Salmon—Ma Yek .. 32
Shark—Tin Yek .. 10
Shrimp—Tin Yek .. 12
Smuggler—Lap Yek .. 38
Solis—Tin Yek .. 28
Tench—Wai Yek .. 24
Turbot—Tin Yek .. 30
Turtles, small—Tin Yek .. 80

Poultry.

Chicken—Kai Tin .. 16
Capons, Small—Tin Kai .. 24
Capons, Large—Tin Kai .. 20
Duck—Tin .. 20
Doves—Tin Kai .. 19
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tin (setting) per doz .. 22
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tin (fresh) per doz .. 22
Fowls, Canton—Tin .. 15
Fowls, Hainan—Tin Kai .. 30
Geese—Tin .. 32
Pigeons, Canton—Tin Kai .. 40
Pigeons, Hainan—Tin Kai .. 40

Turkey, Cock—Tin Kai .. 16
Turkey, Hen—Tin Kai .. 16
Snipe—Tin Kai .. 16
Pheasant—Tin Kai .. 16
Quail—Tin Kai .. 16
Partridge—Tin Kai .. 16

Fruits.

Almonds—Hau Yek .. 16
Apples, (California)—Tin Kai .. 20
Bananas, (India)—Tin Kai .. 20
Bananas, (Ceylon)—Tin Kai .. 20
Carambolas—Tin Kai .. 16
Coconuts—Tin Kai .. 16
Lemons—Tin Kai .. 16
Lemons, (American)—Tin Kai .. 16
Lichens, Dried, (small strains)—Tin Kai .. 16
Limes—Tin Kai .. 16
Oranges, (Canton)—Tin Kai .. 16
Oranges, (Ceylon)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (American)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (Canton)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (Ceylon)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (American)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (Canton)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (Ceylon)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (American)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (Canton)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (Ceylon)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (American)—Tin Kai .. 16
Pineapples, (Canton)—Tin Kai .. 1

Good for Ball-room floors.
Gives a fine smooth surface
for dancing.

WATSON'S WAX IN POWDER.

In tins 1 lb., 1 lb., & 2 lbs.
Prices \$1.25, \$2.00 & \$3.00

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong Dispensary,
PHONE No. 16.

Wm. Powell Ltd.
TELEPHONE 346

JUST ARRIVED.

SMART STYLES
IN
WINTER COATS,
AND
WALKING SKIRTS.
AFTERNOON GOWNS.
NEW MILLINERY.

We Specialize in

Social and Business Stationery,
Loose Leaf Binders and Books,
Novelties for the Home and Office,
Dennison's Xmas Decorations.

INSPECTION SOLICITED

DEB. A. WING & CO.
60, Des Voeux Road, CENTRAL.

BIRTH.

LANGRIDGE—At St. Paul's Hospital, Causeway Bay, on Nov. 2nd 1921, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Langridge, a daughter.

DEATH.

MACKENZIE—At his residence, Durdin, 154, Barker Road, The Peak, on November 1st, Alexander Mackenzie, aged 58. Deeply regretted.
Funeral will pass the Monument at 5 p.m. to-day (Wednesday).

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE."
HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, Nov. 2, 1921.

"THE DIGNITY OF MANUAL LABOUR."

Reading the arrival of those sympathetic and helpful thoughts for which we have been hoping, in the matter of the report of the Commission appointed to study the conditions of juvenile labour in this Colony, which thoughts we regret to say are not yet forthcoming, thus showing that where there is a will there is no way, and necessarily a way, we are reduced to the ignominious necessity of discharging some thoughts forced upon us by mere words in this report. In particular we have been unable to dismiss from our mind, although we have tried to do so, a phrase in a passage at the foot of the ninth page. In view of the fact that many children must earn their living by manual labour, says the report, "it is suggested that steps be taken to provide an education for them suited

to their special needs. Such an education would comprise training in manual work in addition to at least a primary education. The dignity of manual labour should be emphasized, and the bearing of intellect on manual work explained." We do not favour doctrinaire views on education. In the case of children who must earn their living by manual labour, we naturally want to have it explained just what "primary education" means. It is unlikely that the compulsory learning of English is intended in these cases. Then what is a primary Chinese education for children so circumstanced? Not, surely, the learning of the written character? A primary means of exchanging ideas, of receiving and communicating thoughts, such children must already possess, in their mother tongue. Manual training they get while actually earning, which is an arrangement that must suit their circumstances much better than shutting them into schools. The first and primary need of such children is to have their bellies filled with nourishing food. No unhealthy conditions of labour are so unhealthy as starvation or semi-starvation. Are you prepared to feed these children, as well as teach them? If not, the prospect resembles one of considerably worsening their lot. But those were the words that really focused our attention, and possessed us and irritated us, and are likely to give us no peace of mind until we shall have got rid of the topic by discussing it. These words: "The dignity of manual labour should be emphasized." Should it? Then show us where it is, and what it is. To us it sounds like the hypocrisy of Master-talk. "You do our labour for us, and you get the dignity. You save us from having to do it, and so give us leisure to hunk up other forms of dignity for ourselves." There is no never was, and never can be, any dignity in manual labour. Is perspiration

dignified? Is bending the back over a shovelful of earth dignified? Is the carrying of bricks up a ladder dignified? A monkey climbing a tree may be gracefully agile, but he is not dignified, yet he carries no bricks. The bricks are an aggravation of the insult to human majesty or dignity—if you believe those words to mean anything. Among ourselves we laugh about it. We know that the intention is not really to emphasize the dignity of manual labour, but to slur over and camouflage the indignity of it, a thing which may be expedient, especially when we want to console and content those who relieve us of the indignity by doing for us what we should otherwise have to do ourselves, or leave undone. In this case, let it be remarked, we are asked to emphasize demonstrations of the dignity of labour to poor Chinese, who "must earn their living." To think that impertinence over in all its bearings is to realize that these words were incorporated in the report idly and without thought, interpolated by someone who simply let his pen run away with him. The root of the word dignity means worth, but no quibble in defence can tell us that horrid phrase merely meant that the worth or usefulness of their labours was to be specially pointed out to these children. In any case that could not impress, because they do it as a means to the important end of earning their living. In any case we could only emphasize the worth of it to us, not to them. No. The one meaning of the word dignity in such a context is to import the suggestion of honour and respect. Are we seriously urged to tell these unfortunate with emphasis that we honour them and respect them because they do manual labour? That would be impudence to full bellies; but if we are to address it to bellies we do nothing to fill it. It will be the most gratuitously insulting thing we can possibly do. Do not let us emphasize dignity where none is. Do not let us even offer them dignity, until we have first offered them dinner.

Now, perhaps, we can get our mind to dwell on more practical issues. These thoughts are insistent, and congesting our intellect. They are discharged. Puff! They are shot out, and we hope we are rid of them. Why will people who ought to know better say such provocative things? How can the garretted poet get on with his poem, if his landlady persists with interruptions about the rent? How can we bring our intelligence entirely to bear on this problem, while the moorers insult it with such mischievous humming? Now that the interruptions are disposed of, let us try to concentrate on the problem of what can and should be done for these youngsters. Here our readers should help. Dare we invite them to discuss it—when some are almost sure to drop similarly distracting remarks? The outlook is a doubly anxious one.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

One case of diphtheria, Chinese, was reported yesterday.

Captain R. G. Blayney has gone master of the s.s. "John Sanderson" in place of Captain T. Pritchard.

The total rainfall recorded at the Botanic Gardens during October was 15 inches, all of which fell on the 12th.

A private collection of British and foreign stamps will be sold by Messrs Hughes and Hough to-morrow afternoon.

The Legislative Council meets again to-morrow afternoon. The business includes the second reading of the new Bills introduced last Thursday.

Messrs. Wm. Morris of London are engaged in making the bronze tablet for St. John's Cathedral porch, containing the names of those commemorated by the War Memorial Cross in the compound, and this should be in place by the end of the year.

The master of a Chinese firm at No. 32, Bonham Strand has reported to the police yesterday that on October 18, a \$100 collected from the Bank of Canton on behalf of the firm, and absconded with the money. The complainant did not report the matter earlier because he had hopes of the stray one returning.

Armistice Day will be observed at St. John's Cathedral by a celebration of the Holy Communion at 7.45 a.m. with special remembrance of those who made the supreme sacrifice in the Great War. There will also be a special service beginning shortly after 10.30 a.m., at which the Naval and Military Chaplains will take part. The service will include the two minutes silence at 11 o'clock, and it is hoped an address by the Bishop of the Diocese.

NEW STATUE PIER.

FINE STRUCTURE PROMISED.

WORK COMMENCED YESTERDAY.

By this time next year there will be a new public pier along the Praya. It will be a reinforced concrete one, running out opposite the Queen's Statue, and the P.W.D. people mean to make it something that will be in keeping with the spacious dignity of Statue Square itself.

Designs for the superstructure have not been finished yet but the preparatory work in connection with the most important part—the foundations—was begun yesterday. Details courteously furnished by the P.W.D. executive engineer (Mr. John Duncan, A.M.I.C.E.) to a China Mail reporter who made inquiries on the subject this morning show that the length of the new pier will be 185 ft. 2 in. 25 ft. of which will form an approach for motor cars and pedestrians. It will be 41 ft. 4 in. wide. There will be a handsome facade spreading to a width of 112 feet and both that and the pier itself will be roofed over. Balustrading will be erected on each side of the entrance and the pier will have four flights of landing steps each 10 feet wide.

The work which is being gone ahead with now is the constructing of the approach and the building of the pier itself to deck level. The surface is to be asphalt and 50 piles, which are being made at the Government quarry at Tsat Tze Mui will be used for the supports. They will vary in length from 60 to 68 feet and will be driven into the mud to a maximum depth of 25 feet. Owing to the depth of mud overlying the "hard" of the harbour bed the foundations will be strengthened by depositing rubble. This will give a minimum depth of about 17 feet at low water, ordinary spring tides.

Mr. Duncan emphasised that it was to be a public landing pier, projecting out from the Praya Wall, as distinct from a wharf, which would run parallel. A pier, he pointed out, gives more accommodation, because of its two sides, is more easily approached, and can be built at the same cost. The face of the pier will be protected by hardwood fendering and it will, Mr. Duncan says, be cheaper in regard to upkeep than a wooden structure because for one thing, there will be no painting necessary.

The temporary wharf which has done service for some time as a landing stage is, of course, no longer available and is now in process of being dismantled. Mr. Duncan expects that the piles will all have been driven in the course of three months and after that the work of depositing rubble around them will be begun. The pier itself should, he thinks, be completed within the contract time of ten months and the whole undertaking should be through in twelve months.

According to the estimates the cost is expected to be about \$97,000. The contractors are Messrs Sang Lee and Coy, who have several other big jobs on hand just now, including the Praya East Reclamation scheme referred to elsewhere.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Dr. Sun Yat-sen and party have arrived at Kweilin from Nanning.

A Chinese member of the s.s. "Walsham" reports that between midnight on the 1st and 3 a.m., to-day, while he was on duty, someone entered his cabin and stole from a locker \$340 in notes.

A member of the Canton Provincial Assembly recently proposed that a steel bridge should be built from the bund to Honam in order to facilitate communication between the city proper and Honam. The proposal has now been submitted to the governor for approval.

The List of St. John's Cathedral Sidesmen for November is as follows:—Messrs. E. C. Dingman, S. H. Garrod, A. R. Thompson, A. Dyer Ball, H. B. L. Dowbigg, A. R. Duncan, H. C. Resker, A. H. E. Cobb, K. K. Staple, W. Jackson, P. L. Knight, and W. L. Fattenden.

A figure "long familiar" in the vicinity of the Central Police Station and Magistracy where he had occasionally found casual jobs, a coolie, named Lam Tsai passed away last night at the age of 75 years. He was found dead in the kitchen at the back of the Magistracy this morning.

Mr. Wang Ching-wai, President of the Canton Educational Association, Dr. C. C. Wu, Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, Gen. Tang Heng, Commander of the First Division, and Mr. Liu Chung-kai, Vice-Minister of Finance, left Canton on Monday for Wu-chow to interview President Sun Yat-sen on certain important affairs, reports the Canton Times.

SPECIAL CABLES.

STRAITS SLUMP.

£10,000,000 LOAN AT HOME AUTHORIZED.

[China Mail Special.]

SINGAPORE, Nov. 1.
A Straits loan bill raising £10,000,000 at Home for the Federated States has been passed. The Trade Commission recommends compulsory restriction of rubber provided Ceylon and the Netherlands join, also financial assistance to estates.

CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE.

BRITISH ASSOCIATION MEETS AT SHANGHAI.

[China Mail Special.]

SHANGHAI, Nov. 2.
The Association of British Chambers of Commerce conference opened this morning at the British Supreme Court. Mr. F. W. Mackay presided. Sir Beilby Alston, British Minister at Peking was unavoidably absent. Delegates from the treaty ports were present. Sessions will be held daily until Saturday. Sir William Brunyate, submits a resolution concerning education on Friday.

ARMED ROBBERY.

HONGKONG CRIMINALS GROW BOLDER.

Pottinger Street in broad day is a busy place, thronged with people. Not far away is the police headquarters. The Namkang Suitcase Company is at No. 13, a conspicuous point in this conspicuous thoroughfare. Yet of all this our desperadoes reck little. Soon after 11 o'clock this forenoon two men gained admittance to the first floor, above the suitcase shop, on pretence of delivering a letter. Producing knives, they terrorized the three women present, gagged them and bound them, and took their jewellery. Putting their prisoners in the kitchen, they ransacked the premises, and left in about ten minutes with all they found.

In the street they ran, and excited the suspicion of the people who saw them. Police whistles were blown, but when the Police came, the men had got as far as the Praya, where they disappeared.

Mr. Furdue, A.S.P., with detectives, was on the scene when our reporter came away.

OBITUARY.

MR. ALEXANDER MACKENZIE.

Mr. Alexander Mackenzie, a resident of Hongkong for 25 years died at his home in Barker Road, the Peak, yesterday. He was 58 years of age and leaves a widow, one daughter (Mrs. E. R. Dovey) and two sons.

Mr. Mackenzie had been in indifferent health for about two years. He went Home on leave last year and when he came back to the Colony his wide circle of friends were gratified to note that he seemed to have been considerably benefited by the change. A few months ago, however, the death of a daughter affected him very deeply and he had not, it is said, been the same man since then.

For some years Mr. Mackenzie had been the Hongkong representative of Messrs. Arthur and Co. Ltd., a well known Glasgow firm. He was a prominent member of the Union Church, a Justice of the Peace, a member of the Licensing Board and a member of the committee of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals. A well-known golfer Mackenzie had, in years past, been prominent in cricketing circles and he was also a member of the Volunteer Defence Corps.

The funeral will take place to-day and will pass the Monument at 5 p.m.

KINEMA NOTES.

THE HONGKONG THEATRE.

One of the latest and most successful stunts worked by Thomas H. Ince paramount attraction is the sensational film entitled "A Family Skeleton" wherein the playwright Charles Ray features in the principal role. This magnificent picture in 5 parts "went over with a bang," as reported in the American papers. It will be screened at the Hongkong Theatre from to-day till Friday next, both at the 5.15 matinee and at 9.15 p.m.

"Shanghai" a very amusing comedy in two parts, followed by Burton Holmes' travels. At the 7.15 p.m. performance the "Screaming Shadow" will be continued.

POLICE SEARCH.

WHEN A WARRANT IS NOT REQUIRED.

INTERESTING LEGAL POINT.

That the police may search a vessel without a warrant if they have reasonable suspicion, was a decision affirmed in the police court yesterday afternoon.

A boatman and his wife were charged with having obstructed the police in the execution of their duty. When the case was opened Friday last, it was alleged by the prosecution that on the night of October 24, Sgt. Carey of the Water Police, patrolling the harbour in a police launch, was passing the Causeway Bay shelter when he saw some sampan lying there without lights. Using a dinghy, the Sgt. boarded the female defendant's boat and there found a heavy box. Defendant handed the key to another woman who unlocked the box for him. No sooner had the lid been lifted, than the female defendant made a grab at something inside. The Sergeant attempted to seize the object, something hard and heavy. The second woman joined in the struggle for possession of the mysterious parcel. The next moment the Sergeant was attacked from behind by the male defendant who came from a neighbouring sampan. Both men fell through the awning into the other boat. The police coxswain then came to the Sergeant's assistance and the boat people submitted. The parcel however had vanished into the water.

The Sergeant agreed with Mr. A. E. Hall (for the defence) that it was instinct which made him board the particular sampan.

The male defendant said that when he saw the Sergeant in the dinghy he thought the latter was going for a picnic. When the Sergeant examined the box, he held a light for him to see. In the struggle for the parcel, the Sergeant fell backwards and pinned him down.

Mr. Hall said it was not disputed that there was a struggle with the women, but he submitted that resistance was justified because the women thought the Sergeant was going to "walk away" with their jewellery and money kept in the parcel. They thought they were right in defending their property.

The parcel was dropped into the harbour by the Sergeant in his fall.

Mr. G. N. Orme, the magistrate trying the case, disagreed, intimating that he was not satisfied with the man's evidence.

The defendants' daughter (the second woman) corroborated the man's evidence, but the Magistrate said she too, had failed to impress him.

Mr. Hall protested against the acceptance of the Sergeant's evidence in preference to the evidence produced by him. The Magistrate then adjourned the case until Saturday for Mr. Hall to call all available evidence.

After some more evidence had been taken on Saturday, Mr. Hall contended that "the police had no power of search without a warrant, because a sampan was as much a 'castle' as the 'Englishman's home,' because the family lived on board."

After considerable argument on the point, the case was again adjourned.

When the hearing was resumed, the Magistrate decided that "a policeman may search without a warrant if he has reasonable suspicion (under Table U of the Shipping Ordinance and Section 28 of Ordinance 1 of 1845, also the Merchants' Shipping Act).

Mr. Hall said the wording of the Ordinance was "may stop and search." The sampan in this case was stationary.

The Magistrate asked if Mr. Hall considered a vessel on the mud or on the beach in a special class.

Mr. Hall said that obviously the section contemplated "a vessel under way only." Otherwise why did it say "stop and search?"

The Magistrate said that a junk or sampan was a "house" which was capable of moving. That was why "stop and search" was added. It would place the police in a very delicate position if by merely stopping, a sampan was exempted from search.

After further argument the Magistrate decided to convict the defendants.

Inspector Spear had nothing against them.

Remarking that it was rarely that he had a case in which the defendants impressed him so unfavourably, the Magistrate passed sentence of two months' hard labour each. He believed the Sergeant's evidence that the defendants did commit the very serious offence of obstructing him and that they had something concealed which, if found, would have exposed them to serious penalties.

CORRESPONDENCE.

SOME OBJECTIONS.

[To the Editor of the "China Mail."]

Dear Sir,—I have received a membership card and a request to join the League of Fellowship and Service. It would appear to me that:

(a) The constitution of the League renders democratic expression impossible. How can I curse politicians, prelates and plutocrats in the presence of His Excellency, the Patron? These three classes are responsible for the present state of the world.

(b) As regards object (2), shall I be in order at a meeting in denouncing the financiers of this Colony, and those who are obviously prejudiced in favour of the present class system? These latter, I may point out, will constitute a large part of the membership of the League itself and are the obstacles to that distribution of wealth and opportunity which is the basis of any reform in the Colony or elsewhere.

Freedom of expression is an essential in any peaceful reform, and this will be doubly jeopardised by the patronage of His Excellency and the recent deportation ordinance.

Yours,
REFORMER.
Hongkong, November 2, 1921.

PRINCE OF WALES.

HEAVY PROGRAMME AT MALTA.

A London cable published elsewhere in this issue states that the Prince of Wales has arrived at Malta. According to the programme of the official festivities, the Prince, who arrived yesterday, was received with the customary honours, and then proceeded to the Palace. Subsequently he inaugurated Parliament, after which the leading officials were presented to him. He then paid a visit to St. John's Cathedral, and afterwards had lunch at the Maltese Casino, the leading Maltese club on the island. In the afternoon a garden party in honour of the Prince was given at the San Antonio Palace by Lord and Lady Plumer. In the evening a gala performance was arranged at the Theatre Royal.

To-day the Prince visited places of interest in Malta. He had lunch with Admiral de Robeck at Admiralty House. In the afternoon there was to be a polo match at the gymkhana at Marsa, in which the Prince was to take part. Boy Scouts, school children, and the general public were invited to attend. In the evening there was to be a dinner at the Palace, followed by a ball.

TWO STABBING AFFAIRS.

Suffering from a cut on the forehead, alleged to have been inflicted with a knife in the course of a fight with a man who is at present in custody, a fohi of fish stall No. 138 at the Central Market was yesterday admitted to the Government Civil Hospital for treatment. His condition is not serious and he should be fit for discharge from hospital in the course of the next couple of days.

Stabbed in the neck with a dagger in the course of a street fight in Chatham Road, Kowloon, with a man who has absconded, a street coolie is now in the Kwong Wah Hospital in a serious condition. The patient also has a slight wound in the right shoulder blade. The police who have the name and description of the alleged assailant, are confident of arresting him.

MORE ROBBERIES.

The first floor of No. 97, Wing Lok Street was entered during last night by the staircase door which was inadvertently left open, and a rat-trap basket containing clothing, jewellery and money to the value of \$269 stolen from one of the cubicles. The robbery was not discovered until the morning when a report was made to the police, who are investigating.

Another robbery was reported to have been committed in a similar manner on the first floor of No. 21, Lankwading the same night, when a basket containing some clothing and \$145 in notes stolen.

ARE YOU A MARKED MAN?

Marked for promotion or next on the list for "the sack"? Black and tan who habitually arrive late for work in the morning, are usually sufferers from constipation or "liver," both of which ailments are the result of indigestion, ensure, daily regularity. Used when needed they keep you "in the pink." Try a dose to-night, and see how much brighter and after you feel in the morning. Of chemists everywhere or post free 2s. each the visit from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 66, Broadway, New York.

ALLEGED MILK THEFT.

CHARGES AGAINST INDIANS.

DAIRY FARM COW BOY ARRESTED.

Described as a "cow boy" by Mr. T. Oliphant, assistant manager of the Dairy Farm Company's dairy at Pokfulam, a Chinese was this morning charged before Magistrate Orme with the larceny of 7½ lbs of milk.

Mr. T.H. King, A.S.P., said that he appeared to watch the case in the interests of the police as he understood that certain allegations would be made against two Indian constables.

The Indian foreman employed at the dairy said that the accused was one of the dairy hands. His duties were to milk the cows and carry the milk from the cowshed to the depot to be weighed, sealed and distributed. On October 31, early in the morning about 12.30 a.m., he went on a round of inspection of the cowshed and found a large can of milk (produced) outside, near the place where the fodder was kept. He then went to the milkers' quarters and awoke the accused and another man, and taking them to the shed, asked who had put the milk there. The accused admitted that he had. The witness took the can of milk with him to Mr. Oliphant, and was told to take two Chinese watchmen with him, replace the milk where it was found, and then hide in the cowshed. The witness and the watchmen did as they were instructed, and after waiting from 1.55 a.m. to 3.15 a.m., saw two Indian Police constables, B226 and B295, light their bull's eye lamps. Constable B295 held an empty pint milk bottle while constable B226 poured milk into it from the can.

By the Magistrate: The can contained about six pint bottles of milk when he found it at 12.30.

Continuing, the witness said that B226 then put the bottle to his lips and was about to drink the milk when one of the watchmen called out in Chinese "Are you drinking our milk?" The constables were surprised but replied "Yes, we are drinking a little only." The witness then came out of the shed and said to the constables in Hindustani "You are not doing any good thing." The constables begged to be excused and promised that they would not offend again. The witness asked the constables to go with him to the station but they refused saying "You can take our numbers." This the witness did not do and then went to the station with the watchmen, taking the milk can with him. The witness did not take the accused who was asleep at the time. Accused was arrested later.

Replying to Mr. King, the witness said he did not take the accused with him to Mr. Oliphant because it was not customary. His duty was only to report misdeemeanors, not make arrests. The accused admitted to him before another Chinese milkster that he had put the milk outside. Milk had been stolen from the dairy for the past ten days. The witness did not challenge the constables before the Chinese watchman because he wanted to catch them actually drinking the milk. The watchman was hasty in shouting to the constables.

The accused denied what there was any milk in the can when he was awakened at 12.30. The witness accused him of stealing milk and he denied the charge. When the witness asked him who put the can outside, he did not mention that milk was in it.

The witness: I showed the milk to you and the other milkster.

The accused: If there was milk in the can, I did not notice it.

The Magistrate adjourned the case until Saturday.

When the question of bail was raised, Mr. King said that he understood the accused had been dismissed from the farm. As he was anxious to make sure that the accused would turn up in Court again in order that he might thrash out what actually did happen, he would suggest bail of \$200. The Magistrate agreed and fixed bail in that sum.

The Baredos which has been erected along the east end wall of St. John's Cathedral, is of Gothic design in keeping with the rest of the fabric. It has been exquisitely carried out in Sicilian marble and alabaster by the well-known firm of Messrs. Wm. Morris of London. The Baredos extends the full width of the Chancel, and is panelled in white and brown marble to the height of eight feet. The carving of the figures is very exceptionally fine, and the whole work has a very handsome appearance, harmonising well with the devotional effect of the beautiful building above. The Baredos has been presented by Mrs. Bowdler in memory of her husband who died on October 4, 1901, and will be dedicated after the services of the Senior Chaplain from Japan.

CHEMICALS.

The report of Sir S. W. Royle & Co. Ltd., dated Manchester, September 28, says: During the early part of September trade remained dull, but recently there has been a better tone and an increased business put through. Prices generally are steadier. Some uncertainty has existed and still exists as to which products are affected by the Safeguarding of Industries Act which comes into operation on October first and it remains to be seen what will be the effect of that measure. Sulphate of Copper has been receiving more attention and some good business has been done for forward delivery on export account; price has remained steady and some makers are holding for what at present appear to be prohibitive values. Green Copperas has only had a limited enquiry. Acetic Acid has latterly come into request, the higher grades being affected by the new import regulations. Acetates of Lime have been slow of sale and are weak. Stocks of Acetate of Soda have been reduced, and with the position somewhat obscure, higher prices are now being asked for available supplies. Lead salts have been moving more freely with little alteration in values. Carbonate and Chloride Potash have been in rather better demand. There have been some recent arrivals of Montreal Potashes, which are being pressed for sale. Yellow Prussiate of Potash has been steadily called for and is rather firmer; Soda has advanced strongly and some good quantities have been sold for export, but for early shipment only. Whitepowdered Arsenic has been in better request at the lower prices ruling. Tartaric Acid has been selling more freely at unchanged prices; the forward position is however firmer with the possibility of stoppage of supplies from abroad. Cream of Tartar also is affected by the new import regulations, but there are fair stocks here. Citric Acid is dull and price lower. Bichromates are unchanged but more has been doing in Chlorates. Oxalic Acid has been in active demand, stocks are only small and values have an upward tendency. Borax and Boracic Acid have been in steady request, but Phosphate of Soda has been little enquired for. Alum and Sulphate of Alumina continue disappointing and have a tendency to lower prices. The export trade for Murate of Ammonia has been small through severe competition from the Continent and the market is weak. Bleaching Powder has been in moderate demand and White Caustic Soda and Ammonia Alkali have had an improved enquiry. Lump Sal ammoniac is rather better, but business confined to small lots. There is practically nothing new to report in Tar Products. Benzoles and Toluoles remain scarce without alteration in price. Solvent Naphtha keeps in good demand for spot delivery, and price is well maintained; consumers have little confidence in the forward position and prefer waiting in anticipation of lower values. Crude Carbolic Acid is feeble but Cresylic is in steady request. There is an easier tone in Naphthalenes, the demand being small. A fair business is passing in Pitch at the reduced values, makers showing more disposition to meet the Continental competition. Sulphate of Ammonia for export is more active and price remains steady.

Sundries.—There has been little change in American Pearl Starch except perhaps more call for deliveries from stock. The forward position of Dutch Farina is very strong, makers holding firmly to their prices, but small resale parcels are offered at lower figures. Japanese Farina is now offering for shipment at competitive prices. Dextrine has been in good request, chiefly for Maize qualities, on account of the higher values of the Farina Dextrine. Turpentine has latterly been steady. The position in Sulphate of Barytes is unchanged, competition being very keen and concessions made in prices. Paraffin Wax and Scale are slightly dearer.

A dinner dansant will be held at the Repulse Bay Hotel on Armistice night, November 11.

The Rev. H. Copley Moyle is returning from eight months' leave via Canada and is expected to arrive on the s.s. "Empress of Russia" due here on December 2.

A handsome green frontal manufactured by Whippell and Co. of Exeter, has been presented to the Peak Church by two worshippers who are at present in England. This has arrived and is now in use. A violet frontal for Advent and Lent would be an acceptable gift and could be made locally, adds St. John's Cathedral Church Notes.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN. It may be impossible to prevent an accident, but it is not impossible to be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the best remedy for all accidents, and will be found in every household. It is prepared by Chamberlain and is sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

WARWICK COMEDY COMPANY



Mr. N. THOMPSON, who plays several leading characters in the repertoire.

RECLAMATION SCHEME.

WORK STARTED AT WANCHAI.

HUGE UNDERTAKING BEGUN.

Work in connection with the Praya East reclamation scheme was begun yesterday. Mr. John Duncan, the A.M.I.C.E. the P.W.D. executive engineer in charge of the undertaking, told a China Mail reporter this morning that the contract had been awarded to Messrs Sang Lee and Coy. whose tender was \$2,768,899.70. They are to do all the principal works, including the removal of Morrison Hill, the construction of sea walls, piers, sewers and storm-water drainage works on the reclamation area, and development works in the Morrison Hill area.

The contract period began yesterday and runs on for six years but Mr. Duncan thinks it possible that the job may be finished before then. The contractors have established their offices in the building which used to house the Corinthian Yacht Club and a commencement has been made with the erection of offices, workshops, and workmen's houses on the area at present occupied by permittees between Ship Street and No. 2 Police Station.

Mr. Duncan said that the first thing to be done would be to construct intercepting drains for taking away the discharge of sewers and stormwaters which at present discharge through the Praya Wall, and to construct open drains. The work of cutting into the hill will be begun at Morrison Road opposite the Police Recreation Club. Temporary transport lines will have to be laid down for the hand waggons which will be used pending the arrival of locomotives which are expected to be available early next year. In order to dredge out the trench for the sea wall a contract has been awarded to the Anglo Chinese Engineering Association Ltd. who are co-operating with Messrs Bailey and Co. for the supply of a Priestman self-propelling steam grab dredger mounted on a new steel barge. The dredger has to be delivered by April 13 next and until then it will probably be found possible to employ at intervals the dredger at present in the service of the Government.

FORGED BANK NOTE.

MAN CHARGED WITH ATTEMPT-
ED UTTERING.

An elderly Chinese who described himself as a ginger dealer living in Second Street, West Point, was this morning committed by Magistrate Orme to stand his trial at the forthcoming Criminal Session, on a charge of possessing and attempting to utter, a forged \$10 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank note.

A man of no occupation, on whose information the accused was arrested by a detective, deposed that he saw the accused enter a money changer's shop in Des Voeux Road West and tender a \$10 note which was rejected. The witness heard the money changer tell the accused that the note was a forgery. The accused went to another money changer, with the same result. The witness followed the accused until he met a detective.

The two money changers both stated that the accused tendered a note to them which they detected as a forgery at first sight. They advised the accused to destroy it. Mr. H. A. Mabey, an assistant of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, after inspecting the note pronounced it a forgery. They had in their possession at the bank forged notes bearing numbers round the (one produced (No. 659234). The witness would not like to give an opinion whether the note was a good forgery or not.

Mr. Leo Longminto (for the accused) reserved his defence.

FOOTBALL.

2ND DIVISION FIXTURES.

The following are the 2nd Division fixtures for Saturday, November 5. All matches start at 2.45 p.m. sharp.

U.S.A. v. St. Joseph's, U.A.C. ground.
South China "B" v. R.G.A., Soccer ground.
Club v. Wits. Club ground.
Punjabis v. South China "A", Punjabi ground.

"Carlisle" v. Kowloon, Navy A.
"Cutler" v. University, Navy B.

The Hongkong Jockey Club's fifth gymkhana meeting will be held (weather permitting) at Happy Valley, November 5 at 3 p.m.

A FAVOURITE RUB DOWN.

1 HR. golfer, the foot ball player and the all round athlete know the value of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It is just the thing for a rub down after a hard game. All soreness disappears like magic and sprains and swellings are cured in one-third less time than by any other treatment. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

TO-DAY'S
ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE FIFTH GYMKHANA MEETING will be held (weather permitting) at the Happy Valley, on SATURDAY, November 5th, commencing at 3 p.m.

The Charge for admission will be \$1 for others than Members of the Hongkong Jockey Club. Soldiers and Sailors in uniform Half price. The Stewards invite the Ladies of Hongkong to be present.

Hongkong, November 2, 1921.

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

DINNER DANSANT.
ARMISTICE NIGHT.

A DINNER DANSANT will be held on ARMISTICE NIGHT, FRIDAY, 11th November.

There's
DANCING
TO-NIGHT
at
KOWLOON THEATRE!
LET'S GO!

THEATRE ROYAL
HONGKONG.
Commencing WEDNESDAY, November 9th, at 9.15
EDGAR WARWICK
announces the
WARWICK COMEDY COMPANY,
Nov. 9. The Circle.
Nov. 10. Bill of Divorcement.
Nov. 11. PERFORMANCE.
Nov. 12. The Double Event.
Nov. 13. Compendious.
Nov. 14. Three Comedies and a Thrill.
Nov. 15. Brown Sugar. (By General Request).
Nov. 16. Doormat.
Nov. 17. The Law Divine.
Nov. 18. Eliza Comes to Stay.
PRICES: \$4, \$3 & 1. Plans at Messrs. Montre & Co. BOOK EARLY.

KWONG NING TAI
CHAN LUM.
STEVEDORES COAL MERCHANTS
COMPRADORES & SHIPHANDLERS.
SHIPPING MASTER.
No. 79 Des Voeux Road, Central
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KOON YICK
DEALER IN
Chilli Sauce, Tomato Sauce, Chili Powder, Pepper, Sour Fruit,
Curry Powder, and any Powder, Sauce, Etc.
HEAD OFFICE IN
No. 180, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hongkong.
Master TAM KIT SANG.

BE DRESSY THIS WINTER.
Order your suits from us. Latest American and English styles. Best material—moderate prices.
FELT HATS from such manufacturers as STETSON and BATESBY stocked by us. OVERCOATS MADE TO ORDER.
SEE US NOW & SEE YOURSELF AFTER.
THE CHEN KWONG CO., LTD.
Universal Providers.
237—241, Des Voeux Road. — 120 Connaught Road, (Branch).

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Details of new companies, residents, etc., will be gladly received for insertion.
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5, Wyndham Street.

NOTICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & COY.

Smart
yet
Inexpensive
HATS
FROCKS
JUMPERS
JERSEYS
SCARVES
AND
SHOES
Have now on view
their collection of
WRAPS, COATS
AND
GOWNS.
Just Received from
LONDON and PARIS.
A VISIT IS CORDIALLY REQUESTED.

NEW DANCE RECORDS.
"THE BIG FOUR"
HUMMING,
WHISPERING,
SWANEE,
SIAM SOO,
AT
ANDERSON'S

Sole Agents:—
Suzuki & Co.
SAKURA BEER
Alexandra Buildings.
Tel. 468 & 467.

Berger Paints
Colours, Enamels, Varnishes
PREPARED PAINTS OF ALL KINDS AND COLOURS.
BERGER'S LIQUID RED LEAD covers 50 per cent more surface, weight for weight, than the ordinary heavy mixed Red Lead.
MAYBOLL—The oil paint you thin with water. Covering capacity one third more than that of Washable Distemper.
STRUCTURAL & ROOF PAINT—A preservative.
BERGER'S VARNISH—OAK VARNISH, BLACK JAPANESE COPAL, Etc.
LEWIS BERGER & SONS, LIMITED.
EXETER ON APPLICATION—STOCKS CARRIED.
SOLE AGENTS:—
W. R. LOXLEY & CO.
MR. BERGER MADE HIS COLOURS IN LONDON IN 1760.

Do you know
that the genuine
Wilkinson's Tanned
must bear this name
Clifford Wilkinson & Co.
on the cork?

SOLE AGENTS:—
GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.
6, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.
Tel. No. 124. HONG KONG.

THE HIDDEN ASSASSIN.

PERIL OF VENEREAL DISEASE.

SIR J. CRICHTON-BROWNE'S WARNING.

Sir James Crichton-Browne, in his presidential address at the Conference of the Sanitary Inspectors' Association at Bath recently, dealt at length with the question of venereal disease.

The subject, he said, was one that one would rather not refer to in a public assembly, but knowing what he did of the horrors of the disease it would be culpable prudery if he refrained, at such a meeting, from indicating what he believed was the one sure way—and that was not a clinic—of coping with a grave and growing social evil.

Last year, he said, 2,023 deaths in England and Wales were due to syphilis and 2,103 to other venereal diseases. These figures, however, afforded not the slightest conception of the havoc wrought by these maladies. Not less than 40 per cent. of the population of our large towns were infected with syphilis, and a much larger proportion with gonorrhoea.

Gonorrhoea was prolific of sterility, blindness, and of rheumatic and joint affections; and syphilis was the direct cause of a vast number of cases of abortion, miscarriage, still-birth, and infant mortality, and, as a hidden assassin, was undoubtedly responsible for a large number of deaths attributed to other causes, such as aneurism, angina pectoris, Bright's disease, and cerebral hæmorrhage. Syphilis was the sole cause of general paralysis of the insane, which killed 2,000 people in England annually, and it was the inexorable bane of those wretched men they saw staggering about with locomotor ataxia. It was a secret poison that had until recently been allowed to circulate freely, slaying our people, and undermining their manhood, and producing widespread invalidism and industrial incapacity. Proceeding, Sir J. Crichton-Browne said:

A WARNING VISION.

It is not statistics so much as cases that touch the feelings, and if I could conjure before you the vision of a poor boy in his teens, stricken, perhaps as the result of the foolish frolic of a night, by this fell malady, terrified and undone, doomed to carry about with him for years the dread of impending calamity for himself or those who are dear to him, or if I could conduct you into the infirmary of one of our large asylums and show you side by side some 20 or 30 bed-ridden men, all in the prime of life, all men of rather a superior type, all quivering with paralysis and stuttering scraps of imbecile gibberish, mere human logs, helpless, wasted and convulsed, waiting for death, you would, I am sure, be moved to insist urgently that everything that is possible shall be done promptly to stave off this ghastly disorder.

The disease can be prevented, and if you ask why it is not prevented, the answer must be because of ignorance and negligence on the one hand and ecclesiastical prejudice and short sighted moralism on the other. We are all agreed that the proper and infallible preventive against venereal disease is chastity and marital fidelity; but these have failed and failed lamentably; our troubles accumulate, and we have now within our reach a physical preventive, which must not be ignored until moral preventives have been reinforced and prove effectual. To teach that venereal disease may be prevented is not to do evil that good may abound, but is really to hinder immeasurable evil by a piece of good advice. There is the clearest and most definite medical evidence that the spread of venereal disease can be prevented by the adoption of methods of immediate self-disinfection. The first suggestion of this was met with shouts of protest. It was pronounced a premium on vice and an encouragement to promiscuous sexual intercourse by removing the risks attending it. But the very persons who thus condemned immediate personal disinfection were at the same

time advocating the provision throughout the country of what they called early treatment centres, to which persons who had been exposed to infection might resort as soon as possible after exposure and be subjected to skilled cleansing. These early treatment centres were launched under false colours. In the case of persons resorting to them soon after exposure, there could be no treatment, for no disease could then have developed—and in a large number of them no disease would develop if nothing were done. It was simply preventive treatment under a misleading label that was offered, preventive treatment not as likely to be effectual as immediate personal disinfection, because delayed until the organism had had time to ensconce itself where it is difficult to follow it. But if immediate personal disinfection is objectionable because it might lead to an increase of vice, this so-called early treatment is precisely the same category, for it too would confer a sense of security and encourage promiscuous sexual intercourse.

WHAT IS NEEDED.

The deterrent effect of venereal disease is hugely exaggerated. If it is an effectual deterrent, why is the disease so disastrously prevalent? I would not give much for the morality of the man who is only held back from vice by a bogey; he has already sinned in his heart, and I am far from believing that a general knowledge of immediate personal disinfection would lead to any increase of sexual irregularities. In our campaign against venereal disease many measures are necessary. We must have the suppression of unqualified quacks and herbalists, who have done so much mischief, and the prohibition of their alluring advertisement. We must have the improved and special teaching of the pathology and treatment of venereal disease to medical students and practitioners in our medical schools. We must have a network of clinics and hospitals throughout the country in which treatment by the most modern and approved methods can be carried on, and hostels for the prolonged treatment of women and girls. We must have laboratories in which pathological investigation and diagnostic work can be carried out. We must have the supervision of contracts and the effective following up of all disclosed cases. But, above all, we must have the education of the public as to the incidence and dangers of venereal disease and as to preventive measures, amongst which immediate personal disinfection must take the first place. That is, I am convinced at the present hour, our best weapon in combating venereal disease. What we have got to do is to spread a knowledge of the means of disinfection, and to afford ready access to them, simple and harmless as they are, so that those who perversely and blindly insist on satisfying their appetites in a depraved way, may protect themselves against loathsome disease, which, if contracted, will in all probability be communicated later to unoffending women and children, and the cure of which cannot be guaranteed.

The statement of the Ministry of Health that self-disinfection is likely to be ineffective owing to the inherent difficulties of ensuring that the disinfectant is properly applied is not according to knowledge. There is no more inherent difficulty in the process than in brushing the teeth, and effective application of these disinfectants is ensured by its very nature.

The Ministry ignore the vital fact that the early treatment or ablation centres they propose, which are, of course, in rural districts out of the question, would in towns be maintained at an enormous cost to the country, whereas the much more efficient personal disinfection would cost the country nothing. Sir Alfred Mond has inherited at the Ministry of Health an altogether mistaken and shuffling policy on the question of venereal disease; but I do not doubt from what I know of him, and of his scientific habits of thought, that he will soon come to view it in its true bearings.

They refuse the authorisation of certain preparations to the ex-

THREE NEW MARVELS IN INDUSTRY.

"On the Money, an acetylene burner has been introduced for welding ship-plates instead of riveting them. Two men with the burner can do the work which used to be done by twenty-five, and the union concerned has decreed that twenty-three men must be employed to look on. Can any business prosper under such conditions?" asks Mr. Lovat Fraser in the *Sunday Pictorial*.

A REVOLUTION IN FLOUCHING.

Sir David Hall, of the Board of Agriculture, says that the whole future of British farming is bound up in the application of machinery and power to food production, and he indicated that the Government are not disposed to rest content with paying lip service to the potentialities of the motor tractor. With the £1,000,000 which has been placed at the disposal of the Ministry for education and research Sir Daniel Hall hinted that power farming was destined to receive "no inconsiderable" benefit.

"If the experience of Mr. S. F. Edge, an enthusiastic farmer as he is a motorist, is normal, then the farmer's conversion may arrive at an earlier date than Sir Daniel Hall seems to contemplate," says the *Scottishman*. "Mr. Edge farms 2,000 acres, 700 of which are arable land. Previously he employed 30 houses, with one man to every pair. This year he has done all his work with four tractors and two small motor lorries. Horse ploughing cost him £2 5s. per acre, ploughing with steam tackle cost £2 per acre, and tractor ploughing 30s. per acre.

"With the downward trend in fuel and other prices, Mr. Edge foresees the day when he will be able to plough with a motor tractor at a cost of 10s. per acre."

A CEMENT GUN.

"The cement-gun is a decided advance in engineering, and will doubtless come to play an important part in future work as the mechanical concrete-mixer plays in construction projects. There are more than three hundred thousand concrete mixers in use to-day, and, while it may be some time before their number is steadily increasing," writes H. E. Howe in *The New Stone Age* (University of London Press, 12s. 6d. net).

"The desirability of knowing just how the reinforcement is distributed after the concrete has been poured has led to the development of special tests, some of which involve the use of the X-ray, with which concrete joints may be examined and any displacement of the reinforcement located. "It was while coating forms upon which to mount the skins of animals for museum purposes that Carl E. Akely felt the need of a more flexible and easier way of spreading plaster of Paris. He turned to compressed air as an aid, and perfected the mechanical device now known as the cement-gun."

"Akely hit upon the simple scheme of conveying the dry material to the nozzle by means of compressed air, and of introducing in the nozzle a spray of water under pressure twenty pounds greater than the air-pressure. In this way hydration and deposition is secured coincidentally, making it possible not only to spray as thin a coat as may be desired, but also to build up this coat to any desired thickness."

clusion of others, but recognise the use of preparations of one kind or another; and as the range of preparations in this relation is not large, the one in which most confidence can be placed will not be difficult of selection. What is wanted is the sanction of the Ministry of Health, under the Act of 1917, for the preparation and sale by chemists of the material for immediate self-disinfection. Under a knowledge of self-disinfection and a realisation of its life and health saving power, a gradual but substantial reduction in the prevalence of venereal disease may be anticipated.

SPORT.

HOME FOOTBALL.

LONDON COMBINATION.

Results to Saturday, Sept. 24 (Inclusive)				
Goals				
	P.	W.	L.	D.
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1
Crystal Palace	3	0	2	1

THE LEAGUE.

DIVISION I.

Results to Saturday, Sept. 24 (Inclusive)				
Goals				
	P.	W.	L.	D.
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0
Barnley	7	5	2	0

DIVISION II.

Results to Saturday, Sept. 24 (Inclusive)				
Goals				
	P.	W.	L.	D.
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0
Leeds United	7	5	2	0

DIVISION III.

Results to Saturday, Sept. 24 (Inclusive)				
Goals				
	P.	W.	L.	D.
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1
Stockport County	5	4	0	1

SOUTHERN SECTION.

Results to Saturday, Sept. 24 (Inclusive)				
Goals				
	P.	W.	L.	D.
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0
Aberystwyth	7	5	2	0

EARLY COLDS.

BE careful of the colds you take at this time of the year. They are particularly dangerous, & neglected cold may mean a winter's cough. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at once. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

SCOTCH LEAGUE.

DIVISION I.

Results to Saturday, Sept. 24 (Inclusive)				
Goals				
	P.	W.	L.	D.
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0
Aberdeen	9	3	4	0

DIVISION II.

Results to Saturday, Sept. 24 (Inclusive)				
Goals				
	P.	W.	L.	D.
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0
Armadale	7	5	2	0

BOTTLING A COMET'S TAIL.

LITTLE DAMAGE BY A COLLISION WITH EARTH.

If the bright streamers seen from the Heidelberg Observatory crossing the sky on the night following the appearance of the mysterious stellar-like object near the sun reported from the famous Lick Observatory, California, on August 7, were caused by the passage of the earth through the tail of a comet, there are strong grounds for connecting the two phenomena.

Particularly is this the case as the supposed new star has not since been seen. Had it been a star its position would remain fixed and by now the sun would have passed clear of it and enabled it to be again observed.

A cometary object however, would be moving so quickly, owing to its proximity to the sun, that by now it may be at a great angular distance from the central luminary, and as its direction is unknown and its brightness has probably considerably decreased, it may not be easy to rediscover it.

UNSOLVED PROBLEM.

The nature of a comet's tail is a mystery. The fact that the tails always point behind the comet away from the sun and grow longer the nearer the comet gets to the sun, has suggested the theory that they are formed by particles driven out by the central nucleus of comets by a repelling force directed from the sun. Recently, however, Professor Edington, of Cambridge, subjected the tail of the Moorehouse comet to mathematical analysis, and came to the conclusion that the hypothetical repellent force of the sun would have to be so tremendous that the theory must be abandoned.

An alternative theory is that the matter of the tail comes from the sun, and is similar to what produces the solar coronas and the Zodiacal Light. How little harm would result from a collision of the earth with a comet's tail is apparent from Professor Fowler's spectroscopic investigations. These show that if after a comet's tail had passed through the earth's atmosphere, some of the atmosphere could be bottled and analysed, less than one part in a hundred thousand could be identified as due to the comet.

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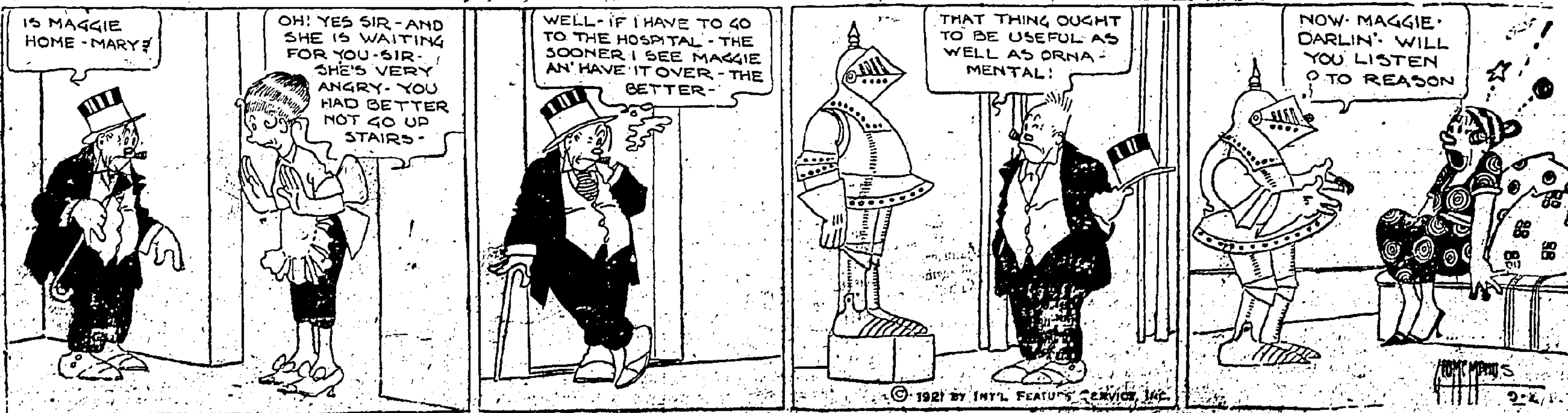
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